## **CLAIM AMENDMENTS**

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:
  generating a first signal having a fundamental frequency;
  modulating an input signal with the first signal; and
  tuning the modulation to a harmonic of the fundamental frequency to produce a
  modulated signal having a carrier frequency near the harmonic, the modulated signal having
  substantially more spectral energy near the harmonic than near the fundamental frequency.
  - 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the tuning comprises: establishing a filtering passband for the modulation, the passband including frequencies near the harmonic.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the tuning comprises: filtering out spectral energy of the modulated signal near the fundamental frequency.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the harmonic comprises an odd harmonic.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the input signal comprises a complex signal.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the modulating comprises: providing the input signal and the carrier signal to at least one Gilbert cell multiplier.
  - 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the tuning comprises: coupling a bandpass filter to output terminals of at least one Gilbert cell multiplier.

9. (Currently Amended) A system comprising: an oscillator to generate a first signal having a fundamental frequency; a modulator to modulate an input signal with the first signal; and

a filter coupled to the modulator to tune the modulation to a harmonic of the fundamental frequency to produce a modulated signal having a carrier frequency near the harmonic, the modulated signal having substantially more spectral energy near the harmonic than near the fundamental frequency.

## 10. (Cancelled)

- 11. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the filter establishes a passband for the modulation, the passband including frequencies near the harmonic.
- 12. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the filter filters out spectral energy located near the fundamental frequency.
- 13. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the harmonic comprises an odd harmonic.
- 14. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the input signal comprises a complex signal.
- 15. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the modulator comprises at least one Gilbert cell multiplier.
  - 16. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the filter comprises a band pass filter.

17. (Currently Amended) A transmitter comprising: a modulation system to:

receive a first signal having a fundamental frequency, receive an input signal,

modulate the input signal with the first signal, and

tune the modulation to produce a modulated signal having a carrier frequency near a harmonic of the fundamental frequency of the first signal, the modulated signal having substantially more spectral energy near the harmonic than near the fundamental frequency; and

circuitry to communicate the modulated signal to a communication medium.

- 18. (Original) The transmitter of claim 17, wherein the modulation system comprises:
  a modulator to modulate the input signal with the first signal; and
  a filter coupled to the modulator to tune in the modulation to a harmonic of the
  fundamental frequency to produce the modulated signal.
- 19. (Original) The transmitter of claim 18, wherein the filter establishes a passband for the modulation, the passband including frequencies near the harmonic.
- 20. (Original) The transmitter of claim 18, wherein the filter filters out spectral energy of the second signal located near the fundamental frequency.
- 21. (Original) The transmitter of claim 18, wherein the filter comprises a bandpass filter.
- 22. (Original) The transmitter of claim 17, wherein the harmonic comprises an odd harmonic.
- 23. (Original) The transmitter of claim 17, wherein the input signal comprises a complex signal.

- 24. (Original) The transmitter of claim 17, wherein the modulator comprises at least one Gilbert cell multiplier.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:
  receiving a first signal having a fundamental frequency; and
  modulating an input signal with the first signal to produce a modulated signal having a
  carrier frequency near a harmonic of the first signal, the modulated signal having substantially
  more spectral energy near the harmonic than near the fundamental frequency.
  - 26. (Cancelled)
  - 27. (Original) The method of claim 25, further comprising: filtering out spectral energy located near the fundamental frequency.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 25, further comprising: tuning a filter to pass spectral energy of the modulated signal located near the carrier frequency.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the harmonic comprises a third harmonic.
  - 30. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the modulating comprises: providing the input signal and the carrier signal to at least one Gilbert cell multiplier.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the modulating produces more spectral energy near the harmonic than near the fundamental frequency.

- 32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the tuning comprises: establishing a filtering passband for the modulation, the passband including frequencies near the harmonic.
  - 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the tuning comprises: filtering out spectral energy of the modulated signal near the fundamental frequency.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the modulating comprises:

  providing the input signal and the carrier signal to at least one Gilbert cell multiplier.
  - 35. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the tuning comprises: coupling a bandpass filter to output terminals of at least one Gilbert cell multiplier.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the modulating comprises multiplying the input signal with the first signal and the tuning comprises tuning the multiplication so that the product of the multiplication is the modulated signal.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 9, wherein the modulator modulates the input signal with the first signal to produce more spectral energy near the harmonic than near the fundamental frequency.
  - 38. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 37, wherein: the modulator comprises at least one Gilbert cell multiplier, and the filter comprises a band pass filter.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The transmitter of claim 17, wherein the modulation system multiples the input signal with the first signal and tunes the multiplication so that the product of the multiplication is the modulated signal.

- 40. (Previously Presented) The transmitter of claim 39, wherein: the modulator comprises at least one Gilbert cell multiplier, and the filter comprises a band pass filter.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the modulating comprises:

focusing the modulating at the harmonic.

42. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the modulating comprises:

multiplying the input signal with the first signal and tuning the multiplication so that the product of the multiplication is the modulated signal.